

1) Choose the correct answer according to passage.

1. Millions of years ago, the Earth looked _____.

- a. mostly like it does today.
- b. mostly what it looked like 100 years ago.
- c. very different from today.
- d. We don't know what it looked like.

2. Pangaea was made up of _____.

- a. a few continents.
- b. grassy lands.
- c. no continents.
- d. all seven continents.

3. Which of the following is not an example of continental drift?

- a. An earthquake in California creates a huge crack in the ground.
- b. A flood wipes out a small town.
- c. A volcano erupts and enlarges the size of its island.
- d. Australia moves one millimeter northeast every 5 years.

4. Which of the following came first?

- a. Australia broke apart and became its own continent.
- b. The Atlantic Ocean was formed.
- c. Pangaea was formed.
- d. North America separated from Africa.

5. Which body of water was formed when North America separated from Africa?

- a. Arctic Ocean
- b. Indian Ocean
- c. Atlantic Ocean
- d. Pacific Ocean

2) The questions below include incomplete sentences and referral questions.

Choose the word that best completes the sentence (q; 1, 2,3)

Find the references of the words from the text (q; 4, 5, 6, 7)

1. _____, North America separated from Africa when the creation of Pangaea occurred. Next, South America, India, Antarctica and Australia broke apart.

- a. First
- b. Next
- c. Because
- d. Once

2. As continental drift took thousands of years, it didn't happen all _____.

- a. at first
- b. at last

- c. at once
- d. at the beginning

3. South America, India, Antarctica and Australia are still moving a little bit each year _____ continental drift.

- a. because
- b. as

- c. because of
- d. for

4. (paragraph 1) Line 1, "it" refers to _____.

5. (paragraph 3) Line 1, "It" refers to _____.

6. (paragraph 4) Line 1, "this time" refers to _____.

7. (paragraph 4) Line 3, "these continents" refers to _____.

3) Answer the following questions based on the sentence below.

Scientists believe a new "super-continent", like Pangaea, may form again in millions of years due to continental drift.

1. Who believe?

_____.

2. What do they believe?

a new "super-continent" like Pangaea may form again.

3. When might a new "super-continent" form?

_____.

4. Why a new "super-continent" form?

_____.

4) Answer the following questions according to reading passage.

1. What are two effects of continental drift? Use specific details from the text in your answer.

2. Explain why the word Pangaea was used to describe one large continent.

5) Use the vocabulary word in a sentence.

continent	one of the main land masses of the earth	
plates	large flat pieces of land that the Earth's crust is broken into	
crust	the hard outer layer of the Earth	
eruptions	explosions	